**Name:**

**Seventh Grade Civics- Chapter One Section One**

**Matching**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | citizen | f. | anarchy |
| b. | dictatorship | g. | London |
| c. | representative | h. | Supreme Court |
| d. | civics | i. | autocracy |
| e. | democracy | j. | Athens |

\_\_\_\_ 1. Considered the first example of a direct democracy.

\_\_\_\_ 2. The study of the rights and duties of the people.

\_\_\_\_ 3. An example of having no government and no rules.

\_\_\_\_ 4. A government ruled by one single person.

\_\_\_\_ 5. Person acting on behalf of others.

\_\_\_\_ 6. A member of a community with a government and laws.

\_\_\_\_ 7. A system of government in which the people hold power.

\_\_\_\_ 8. A government with one person or a small group of people in control

**Other:** *Please provide a definition for each of the following terms.*

 9. democracy

 10. government

 11. presidential government

 12. public policy

 13. division of powers

**Modified True/False**

*Indicate whether the statement is true or false. If false, change the identified word or phrase to make the statement true.*

**IDENTIFYING KEY TERMS**

\_\_\_\_ 14. In a dictatorship supreme authority rests solely with the people. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_ 15. "Government of the people, by the people, for the people" describes a system of government in which the people are sovereign. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_ 16. A(n) confederation is a government in which a single person holds unlimited political power. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Multiple Choice**

*Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

**MAIN IDEAS**

\_\_\_\_ 17. 

Among the broad purposes of the United States government spelled out in the Preamble to the Constitution is the obligation to

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | keep the executive and legislative branches of government separate. |
| b. | create an autocratic form of government. |
| c. | defend the country against Americans who oppose its policies. |
| d. | provide for justice and the people's general welfare. |

\_\_\_\_ 18. Thomas Hobbes would most likely agree that

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | the state developed out of force. |
| b. | those of royal birth should rule the state. |
| c. | the state exists to serve the will of the people. |
| d. | government should be eliminated. |

\_\_\_\_ 19. The theory underlying modern democracies could be considered developed to challenge the idea that

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | those of royal birth have absolute authority to rule. |
| b. | the people as a whole are the sole source of political power. |
| c. | the head of a family, clan, or tribe has the natural right to govern. |
| d. | the strongest person or group has the right to control others by force. |

\_\_\_\_ 20. In a democracy, the will of the majority

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | cannot be changed or improved upon. |
| b. | is not open to compromise. |
| c. | rarely leads to satisfactory policy decisions. |
| d. | cannot be used to deprive rights to a member of a minority group. |

\_\_\_\_ 21. 

Which of the following is among the purposes of government outlined in the Preamble to the Constitution?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | defending the nation against foreign enemies |
| b. | insuring order and domestic tranquility |
| c. | promoting the general welfare of the citizens |
| d. | all of the above |

\_\_\_\_ 22. Which statement would best be associated with the social contract theory?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | The chief executive has complete authority. |
| b. | The state is a natural extension of people's family structure. |
| c. | Governmental powers are granted by the people. |
| d. | Governmental powers may be refused to the people. |

\_\_\_\_ 23. Which of the following would be MOST threatened by the social contract theory?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Thomas Hobbes |
| b. | members of a royal bloodline |
| c. | the people of a state |
| d. | the authors of the Declaration of Independence |

\_\_\_\_ 24. The decision to raise taxes is an example of

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | the force theory. | c. | public policy. |
| b. | presidential powers. | d. | democracy. |

\_\_\_\_ 25. “Promote the general welfare” really means that

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | the government is a servant to its citizens. |
| b. | the government controls the economy. |
| c. | the state promotes private industry. |
| d. | the Constitution establishes the meaning of “welfare.” |