**Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Seventh Grade Civics-Chapter Twelve Section Three**

**Multiple Choice**

*Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

**MAIN IDEAS**

\_\_\_\_ 1. Which of the following federal courts exercises both original and appellate jurisdiction?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | the Supreme Court |
| b. | court of appeals |
| c. | district court |
| d. | the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit |

\_\_\_\_ 2. Most importantly, the Supreme Court is called the High Court because it is the

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | best court in the country. |
| b. | only court established by the Constitution. |
| c. | first court in which most of the important federal cases are heard. |
| d. | last court in which federal questions can be decided. |

\_\_\_\_ 3. The Supreme Court's decision in *Marbury* v. *Madison*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | enabled William Marbury to become a justice of the peace. |
| b. | stripped the President of his power to appoint federal judges. |
| c. | established the Court's power of judicial review. |
| d. | none of the above. |

\_\_\_\_ 4. In cases that involve a foreign diplomat or a state, the Supreme Court has

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | no jurisdiction | c. | district jurisdiction |
| b. | appellate jurisdiction | d. | original jurisdiction |

\_\_\_\_ 5. The Supreme Court’s main responsibility is to hear

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | appeals of lower court cases | c. | disputes between states |
| b. | retrials of civil cases | d. | appeals form the executive branch |

\_\_\_\_ 6. The Supreme Court bases its review of the legislative and executive branches mainly on

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | District of Columbia law | c. | district court decisions |
| b. | John Adams’s order | d. | the Constitution |

\_\_\_\_ 7. After the President appoints new justices, they must be approved by

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | the House of Representatives | c. | the attorney general |
| b. | the Senate | d. | the chief justice |

\_\_\_\_ 8. The Supreme Court is made up of

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | five justices | c. | eight justices |
| b. | nine justices | d. | eleven justices |

\_\_\_\_ 9. The Supreme Court’s power can be checked if

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Congress amends the Constitution | c. | Congress removes a justice |
| b. | the President vetoes a ruling | d. | the President appeals to the public |

\_\_\_\_ 10. In general the Supreme Court hears appeals only in cases that

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | involve the President | c. | have never been tried before |
| b. | involves Congress | d. | are of great public interest and concern |